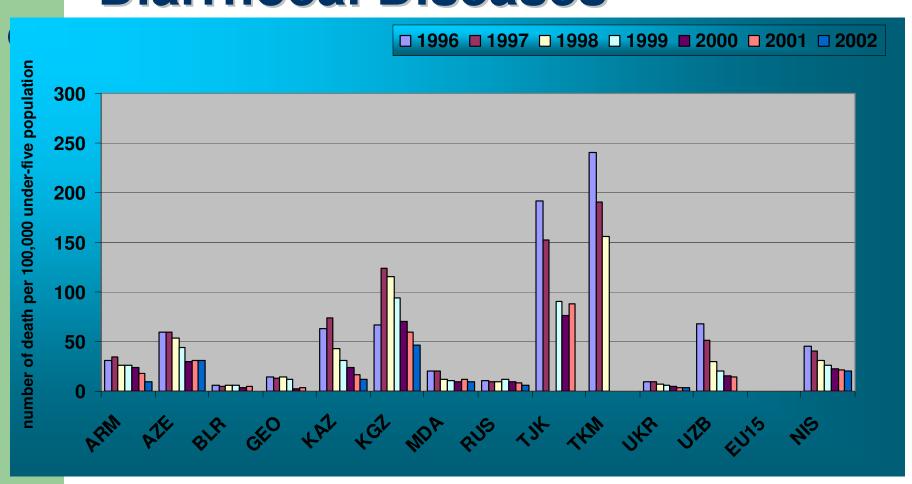
Regional priority goal I

Reducing gastrointestinal disorders and other water related diseases with safe water and sanitation

Problem: too many children die

- Children are still <u>dying of diarrhoea and</u> <u>blue baby syndrome</u> in Europe
- Countries are not taking sufficient actions to provide improved water and sanitation for the most needy: <u>children in rural areas</u>
- Children of <u>poor minority groups or</u> <u>refugees</u> suffer the most

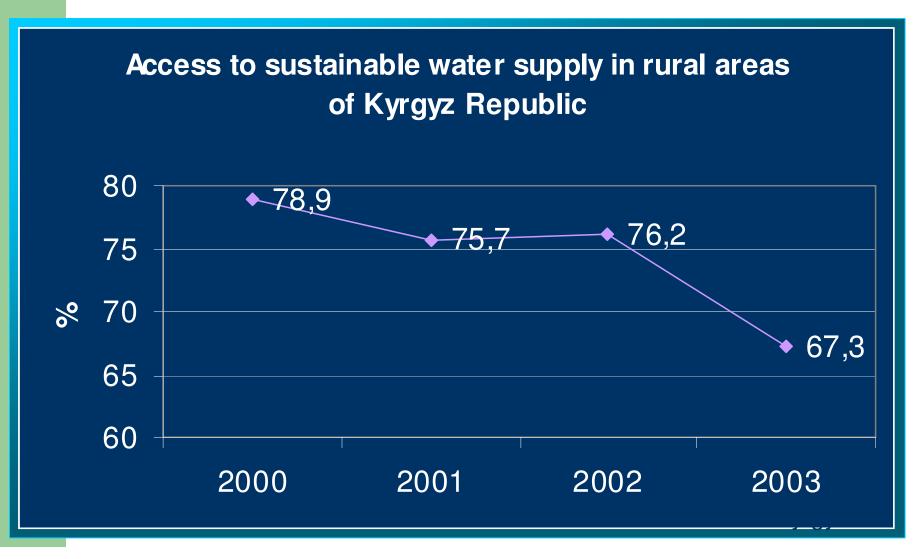
Under-five Mortality Rate of Diarrhoeal Diseases



Problem: many more kids in Eastern part of the continent get ill while in kindergartens and schools



Problem: Less people have access to safe water in rural areas



Advances Since Budapest

- In 2003, the NGO Brussels Statement called on governments to finally ratify the Water & Health Protocol
 - Good news: <u>the protocol is in force</u> and has an excellent workplan, concrete steps, tasks divided
 - Bad news: many countries still have to ratify it and there is a <u>lack of funding</u> for the workplan



Recommendation: focus on safe school sanitation

- Safe school sanitation should be a priority
- especially schools in <u>rural areas</u> need safe toilets
- with <u>hand-washing</u> facilities
- and <u>access to safe drinking water</u> (do not close well and give no alternative)
- Schools with unsafe sanitation or no safe water supply should not be allowed to function

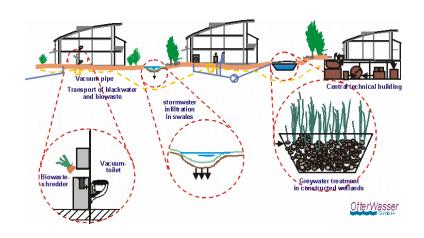
Funding priority: school sanitation

- Ministries of Health and Environment need to <u>put</u> <u>safe school sanitation on the top of their</u> <u>government agenda</u> (local governments, <u>Ministries of Education and Public Works</u>)
- <u>EU structural funds and developing funds</u> should be targeted at school sanitation in rural communities without safe water supply and sanitation

Funding priority: affordable for small communities

- Small size water supply systems
- On-site ecological sanitation systems like wetlands and dry urine diverting toilets
- Local employment: production of toilet seats and construction of toilet buildings





NGO Commitments Rome 2009

- Improve health of 10.000 school children
- Provide 25 schools with <u>low cost</u>, locally produced <u>dry urine diverting toilets</u>
- Protect groundwater from infiltration of faecal bacteria and nitrates
- Demonstrate benefits of <u>reuse of</u> <u>wastewater and nutrients</u> in agriculture
- Same cost as a VIP pit latrine

Provide legislative framework

- Transpose into national legislation the WHO Guideline for safe re-use of human excreta and grey water in agriculture
- Water source protection legislation
 - Enforcement of regulations on containement of pesticides, latrines, animal waste, solid waste

Support for citizen's initiatives





This news report was brought to you by: (will be shown as credits of a movie at the end)

- Health & Environment Alliance (HEAL)
- Women in Europe for a Common Future (WECF) – ECO Forum
- Austrian Doctors for the Environment (ISDE Austria)
- Earth Forever Foundation, Bulgaria
- Danube Teens, Romania
- Women for a Clean Future, Romania