**Barcelona City Council** 





## **Overview**

- 1. Historical and geographical context
- 2. Noise Map
- 3. Noise limits
- 4. Measures taken
  - Diagnosis
  - •Control and prevention
  - Noise abatement





# **Historical and Geographical Context**

Acoustic complexity of Barcelona

Extension: nearly 100 sq.km

Population: 1.600.000 inhabitants

High demographic density:

15.000 inhabitants/sq. Km





Metropolitan dimension:

3.200 sq. Km

5.000.000 inhabitants

1.500 inhabitants/sq. Km





# **Historical and Geographical Context**

Acoustic complexity of Barcelona

- **Mobility**: high level of traffic
- Major European tourist destination
- Increasing number of immigrants
- Mild Climate
- Wide offer of commercial, cultural and leisure activities
- City's busy **nightlife**: coexistence of uses





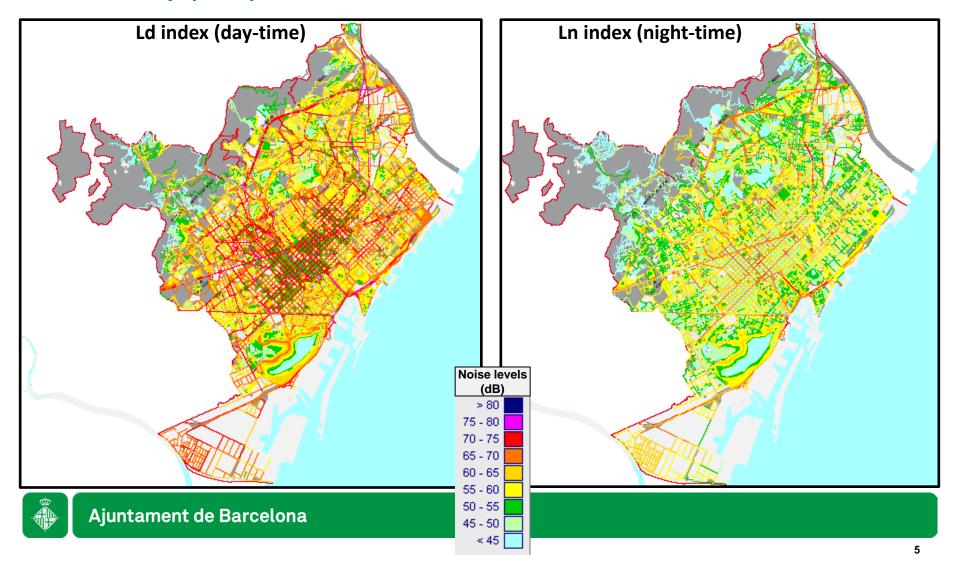


4,78 milions

1.7 milions



# **Noise Map (2009)**



## **Noise Map (2009)**

#### **Quiet Areas**

noise levels below 50 dB during the day and 45 dB at night

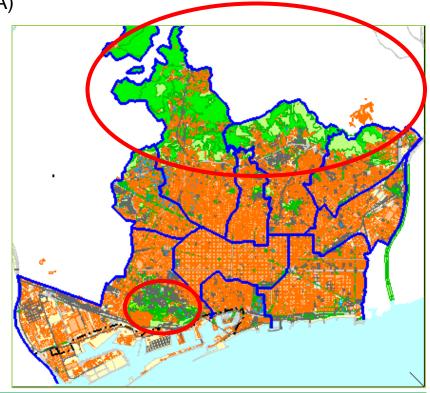
Special noise quality protection zones (ZEPQA)

Parks and gardens

2.3% of the city's street sections

## **Hot Spots**

- High noise levels due to traffic and night-time leisure activities
- Priority of improvements:
  - Where citizens are directly affected
  - Sensitive buildings (hospitals)



**Quiet Areas** 



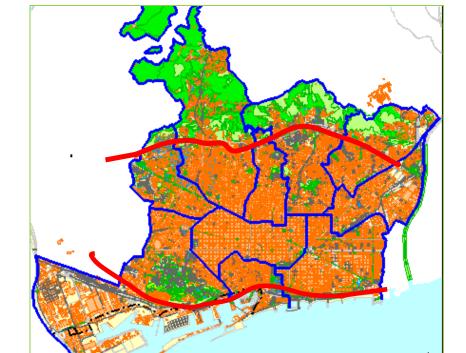
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- > 2.3% of the city's street sections

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Hot spots - traffic



## **Noise Map (2009)**

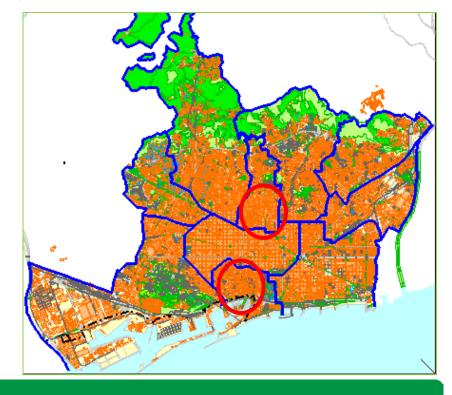
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- Priority of improvements:
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Hot spots – leisure activities





## Sources according Noise Map

- > Traffic due to extended use of private vehicles and rise of motorcycles
- Night time leisure activities

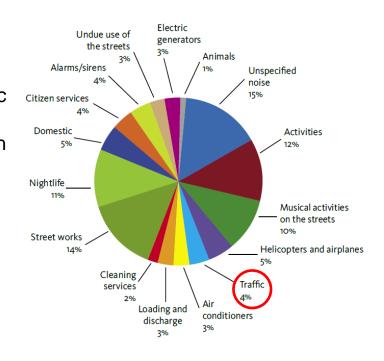
## Sources according citizens' perception

- Noise produced by specific sources: public road works and night time leisure activities
- Traffic noise doesn't cause so much annoyance



#### Traffic noise is seen as environmental noise







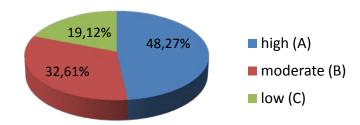


## **Noise limits**

Acoustic capacity map

- Seeks to set the acoustic quality targets
- Contains 3 main categories
  - high acoustic sensitivity zones (A)
  - moderate acoustic sensitivity zones (B)
  - low acoustic sensitivity zones (C)

#### Streets according to noise sensitivity



97.4% of the street sections of the city comply with the acoustic capacity assigned for the day-evening time period and 88.5% comply during the night period.

Acoustic zoning of the territory	Immission limit values in dB(A)		
	Ld (7h - 21h)	Le (21h - 23h)	Ln (23h - 7h)
High acoustic sensitivity zone (A)	60	60	50
Moderate acoustic senstitivity zone (B)	65	65	55
Low acoustic sensitivity zone (C)	70	70	60

Ld, Le and Ln, = noise immission rates for the period of day, evening and night measured over a year.





## Measures taken

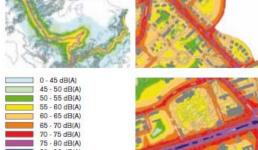
#### Overview

- Working hard for two decades to reduce noise pollution
- Noise Department in City Council since 2004
- Key strategies:

#### **DIAGNOSIS**

• Noise Maps: 1990, 1997, 2009

# • END Strategic Noise Map: 2009



#### **CONTROL AND PREVENTION**

• Municipal Bylaws on noise: 1999, 2011

#### **NOISE ABATEMENT**

• Framework Programmes: 2001-2004, 2005-2007

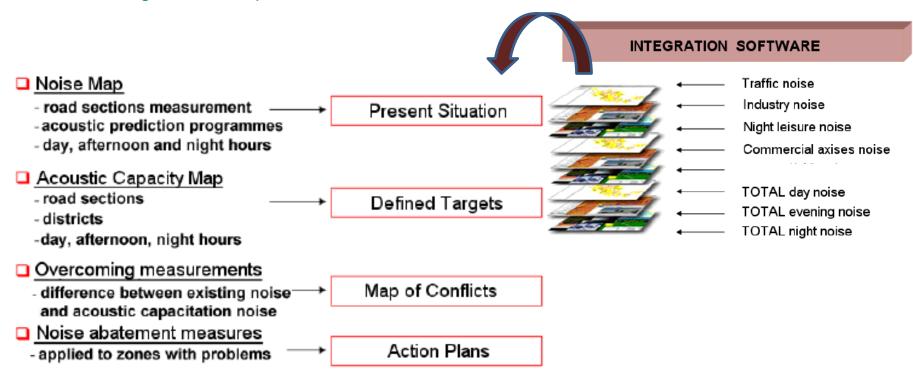
• END Action Plan: 2010-2020





## Measures taken: diagnosis

**END Strategic Noise Map** 







## Measures taken: control and prevention

Noise regulation in the city

- > Shared responsibilities on national, regional and municipal level
- Higher legislation
  - Directive 2002/49/EC
  - Spanish Noise Act 37/2003, Royal Decree 1513/2005, Royal Decree 1367/2007, Technical Building Code, Act 16/2002
  - Catalan Noise Act 16/2002, Decree 176/2009
- Recently updated Bylaw on Urban Environment (2011)
- Main objectives are prevention and including noise management in whole City Council
- Focused on:
  - Working hours, acoustic impact studies in civil engineering works
  - Classification of the activities in 4 groups depending on emission levels, minimum insulation required
  - Correct installation certificate of air conditioning
  - Sound level limiters in musical activities (indoor and outdoor)

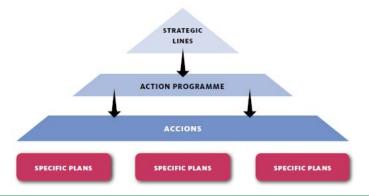




## Measures taken: noise abatement

END Action Plan 2010-2020

- Objectives according END:
  - determine priority actions if the limits are exceeded
  - protect the quiet zones against increasing noise levels
  - drawn up with the participation of the various citizen agents
- Focused mainly on the areas of mobility, planning, services and activities
- Structured into 5 strategic areas, developed on 8 action programmes defined on the basis of 58 specific actions
- Includes also specific plans aimed at reducing noise pollution in concrete zones of the territory
- 10-year application period.



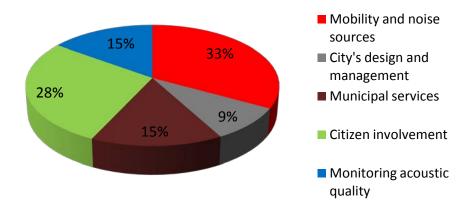




## Measures taken: noise abatement

END Action Plan 2010-2020

- L1. Improving acoustic quality of urban space: mobility and noise sources
- L2. Encouraging incorporation of acoustic criteria in the design and management of the city.
- L3. Improving acoustic criteria into services management.
- L4. Encouraging citizen involvement in noise pollution issues.
- L5. Monitoring and assessing city's acoustic quality.







## Measures taken: noise abatement

END Action Plan 2010-2020

## L1. Improving acoustic quality of urban space.

- Change of mobility model
  - Promoting public transport
  - Increasing pedestrian zones
  - Promoting cycling:

## Bike sharing system since 2007

- Well received by the inhabitants: increasing 194% journeys by bicycle 2007/2010
- To cover the small and medium daily routes (most of urban journeys)
- Several cities in metropolitan area ask to extend the service to their city
- Minimizing acoustic impact of specific sources: road works, loading, sirens, etc.
- Improving quality of priority zones and protecting city's sensitive and quiet areas
- Laying noise reducing road surfaces and analyzing its effectiveness
- Control of ambulance sirens







## Measures taken: noise abatement

END Action Plan 2010-2020

## L2. Encouraging incorporation of acoustic criteria in the design and management of the city.

- Incorporation of acoustic criteria in the design of new urban development areas
- Incentives to reduce noise transmission in sensitive and priority buildings
- Promoting insulation in residential hotspots

## L3. Improving acoustic criteria into municipal services management.

- Improving communication between citizens and City Council
- Internal training of City Council personnel







## Measures taken: noise abatement

END Action Plan 2010-2020

## L4. Encouraging citizen involvement in noise pollution issues.

- Educating and raising awareness among school community
- Collaborating with main agents involved with generation of noise
- Information and encouragement of citizens' awareness:
  - Awareness campaigns to reduce night-time noise
    Extended to more than 600 leisure establishments and terraces
    every year since 2000
    Promoters and mime artists encourage civic behaviour at night
  - Campaign to reduce noise from motorcycles, involving measurements taken from motorcyclists







## Measures taken: noise abatement

END Action Plan 2010-2020

## L5. Monitoring and assessing city's acoustic quality.

- Empowering City Council inspection and monitoring services
- Updating acoustic situation of the city and creating indicators
- Installation of noise limiters in public premises with music (indoor and outdoor)
  - Limit the volume of amplified music (prevention)
  - Record noise levels (control)

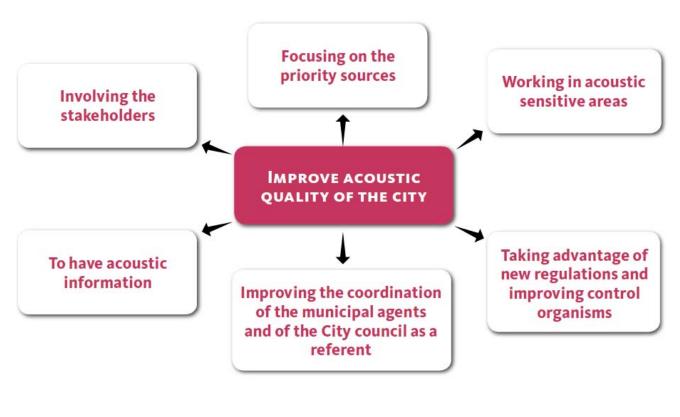






## Measures taken: overview

Barcelona City Council's strategy to improve acoustic quality







# Thank you for your attention!

## For further information:

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